

# Enhance Verification using Ghost Code

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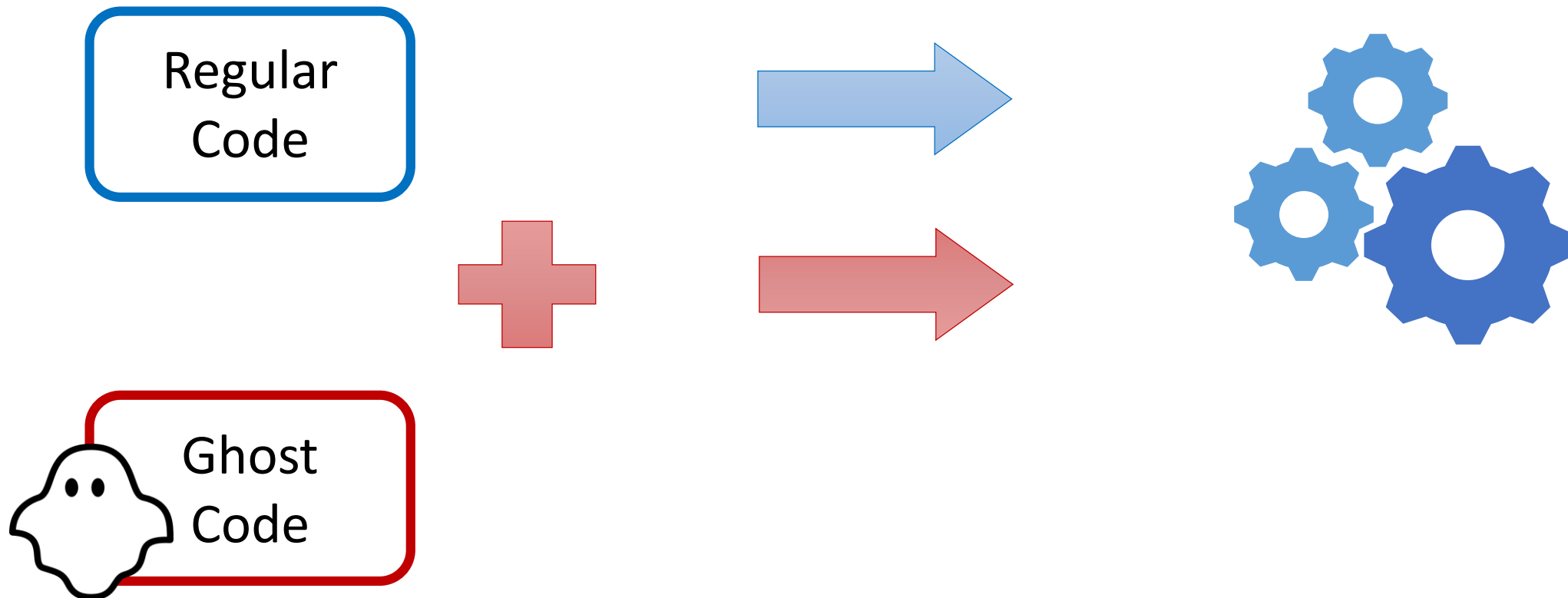
SSAS Workshop 2018



# Ghost Code, What Is It?

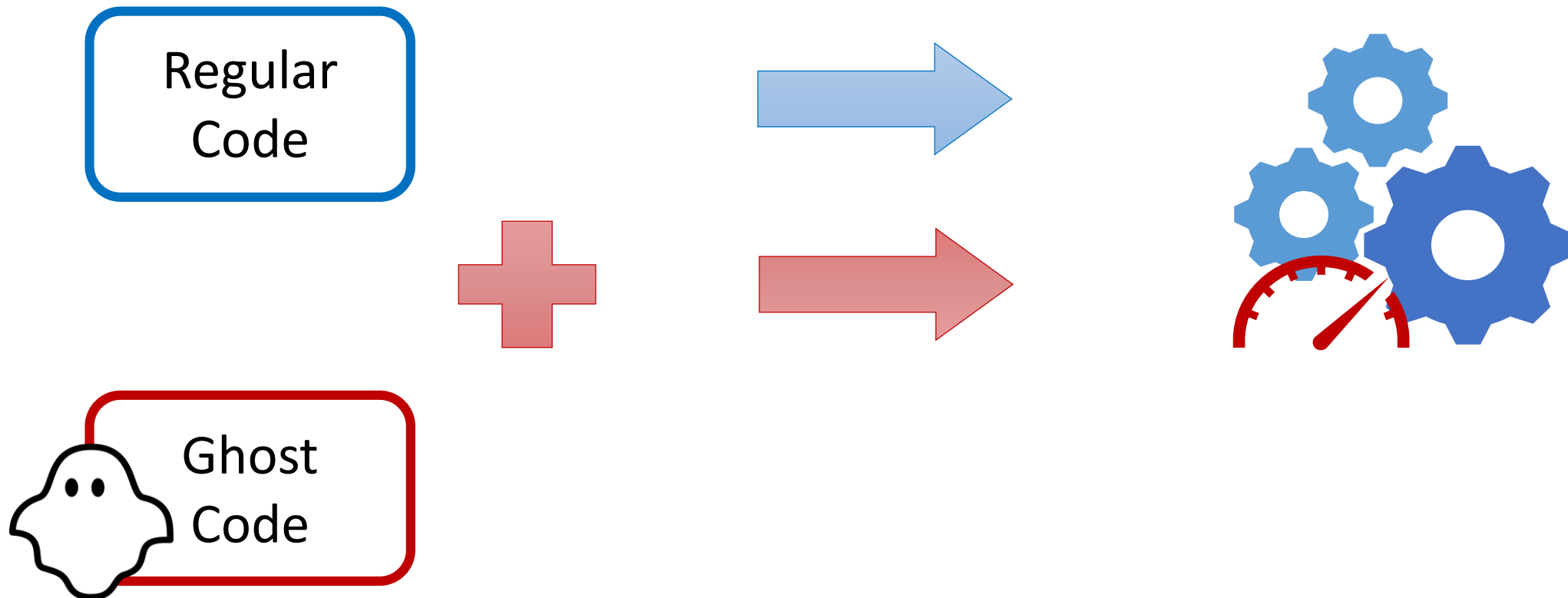
# Ghost Code – General Definition

- Ghost code does not affect normal execution of a program.



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- Ghost code does not affect normal execution of a program.
- It is used to monitor execution (can terminate the program).
- Example: assertions in code / subprogram contracts

```
pragma Assert (X /= 0);  
-- Runtime exception: raised Assert_Failure - failed assertion  
  
procedure Increment (X : in out Integer) with  
  Pre  => X < Integer'Last,  
  Post => X = X'Old + 1;  
  
Increment (X);  
-- Runtime exception: raised Assert_Failure - failed precondition
```

# Ghost Code in SPARK

- In SPARK, all entities (variables, subprograms, types...) can be ghost.

```
procedure Do_Something (X : in out T) is  
  X_Init : constant T := X with Ghost;  
begin  
  Do_Some_Complex_Stuff (X);  
  pragma Assert (Transformation_Is_Correct (X_Init, X));  
  -- It is OK to use X_Init inside an assertion.
```

# Ghost Code in SPARK

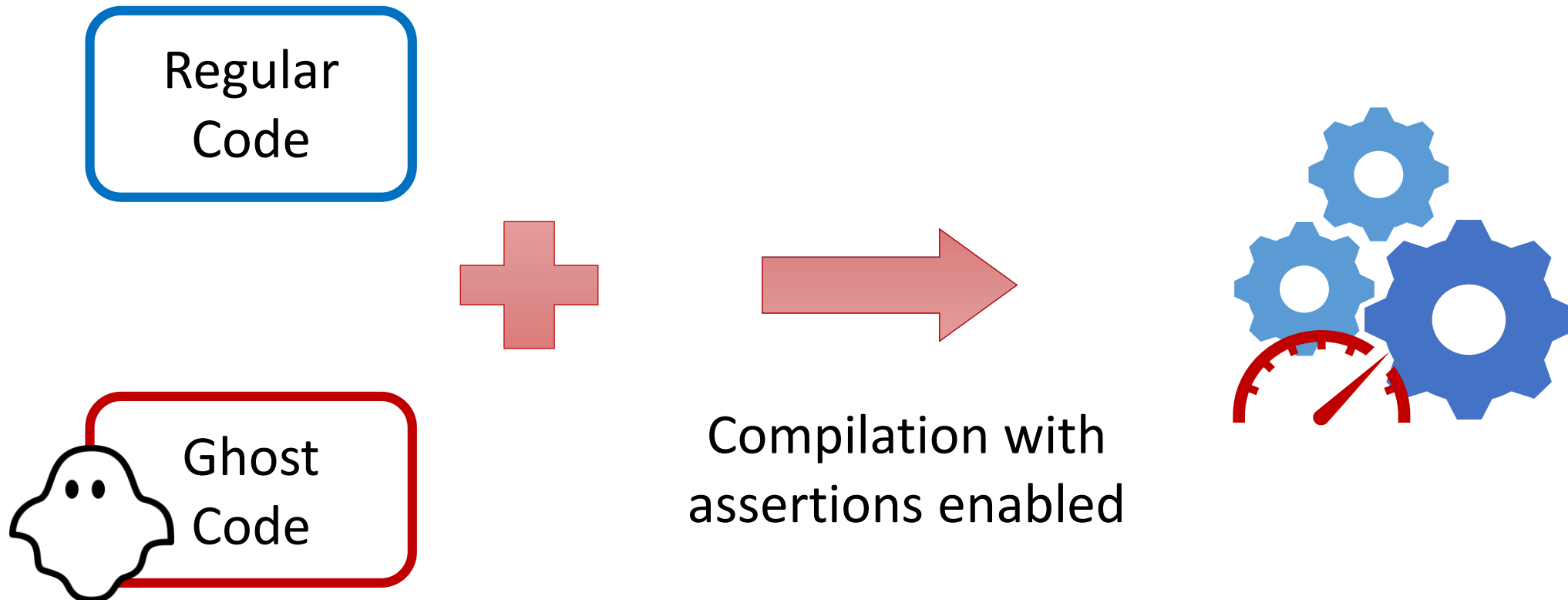
- In SPARK, all entities (variables, subprograms, types...) can be ghost.
- The compiler detects most incorrect usage.

```
procedure Do_Something (X : in out T) is  
  X_Init : constant T := X with Ghost;  
begin  
  Do_Some_Complex_Stuff (X);  
  pragma Assert (Transformation_Is_Correct (X_Init, X));  
  -- It is OK to use X_Init inside an assertion.  
  
  X := X_Init;  
  -- Compilation error:  
  --           Ghost entity cannot appear in this context.
```



# Ghost Code in SPARK – Execution

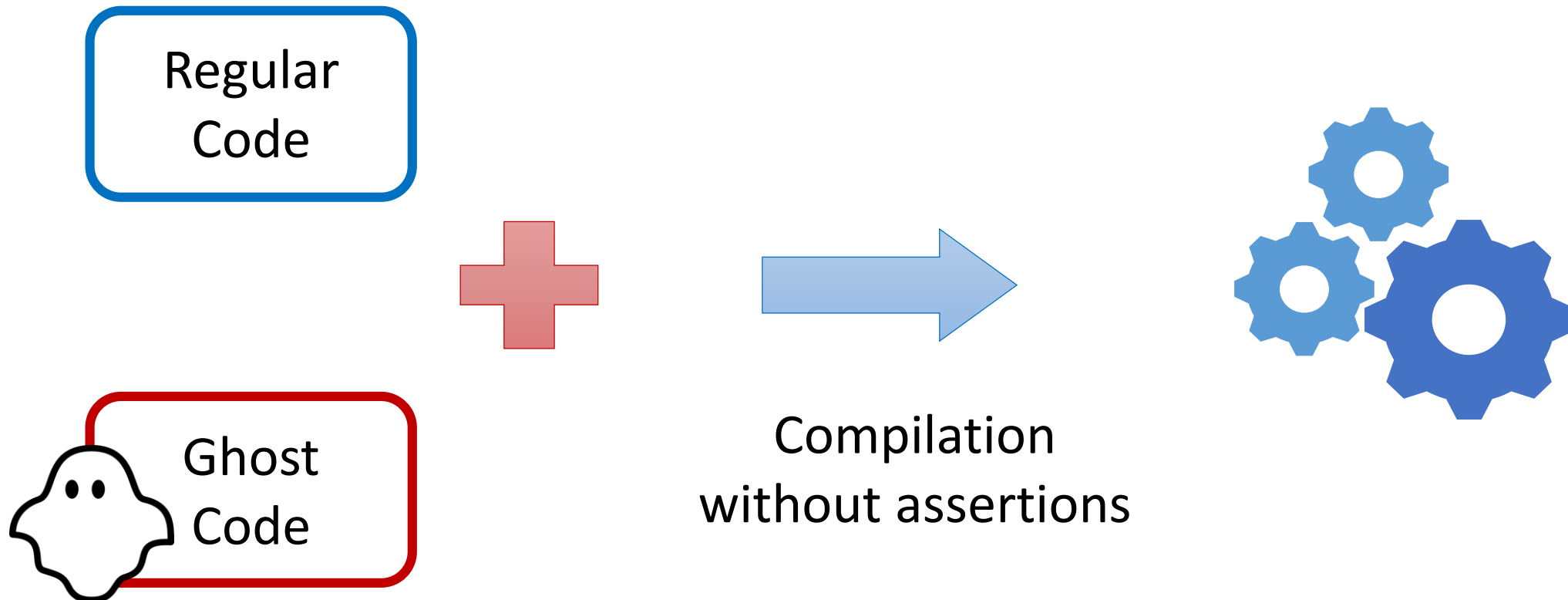
- Ghost code can be executed like normal code ...





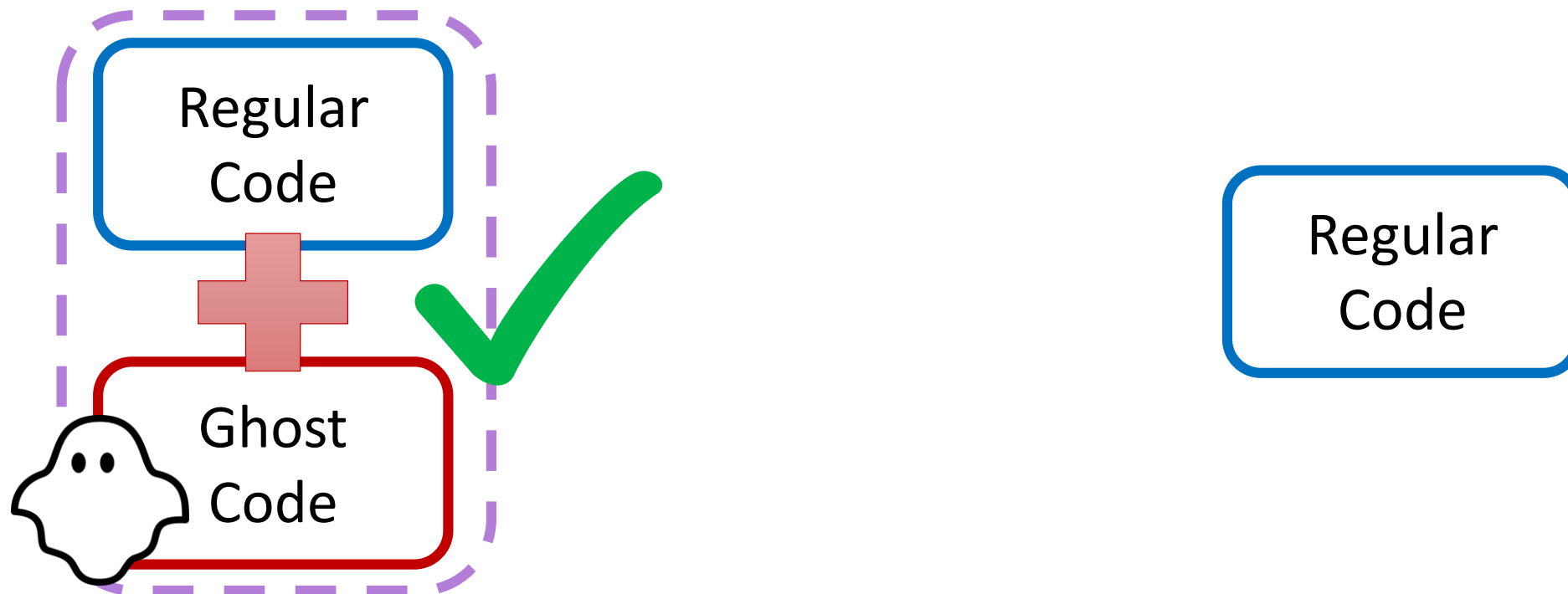
# Ghost Code in SPARK – Execution

- Ghost code can be executed like normal code ...  
... or can be removed at compilation.



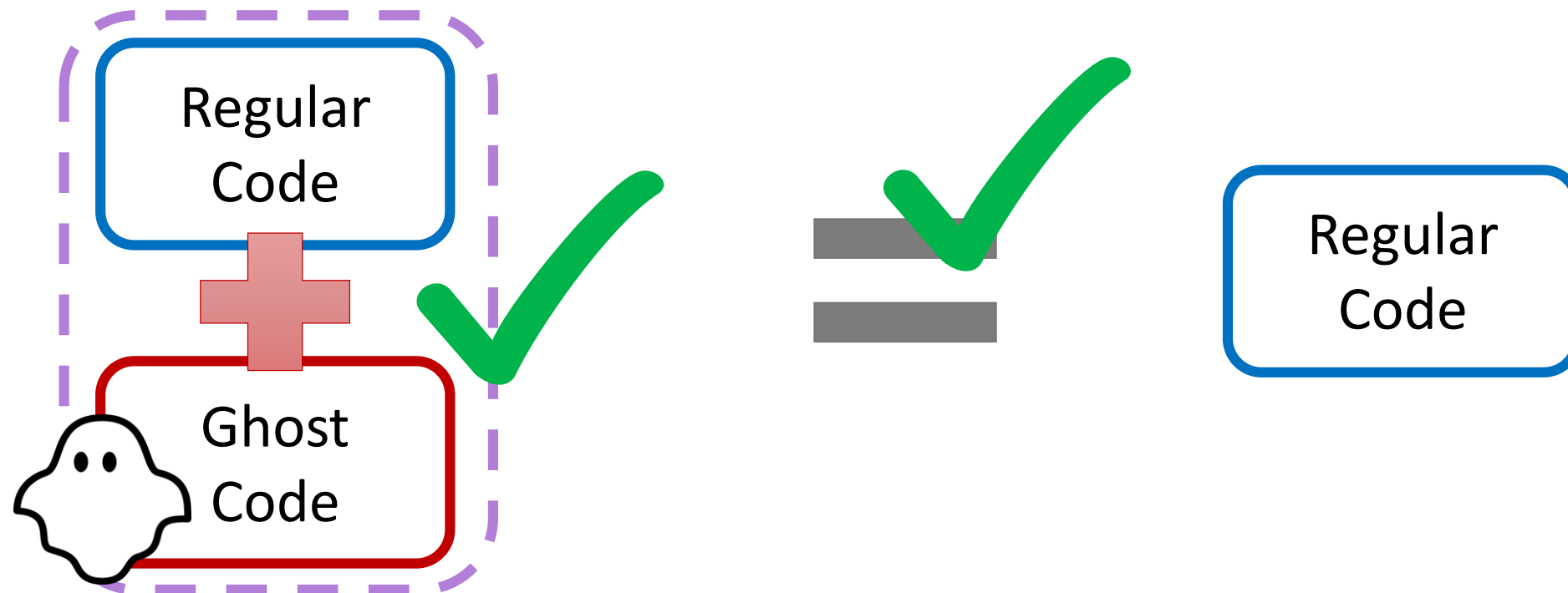
# Ghost Code in SPARK – Verification

- Static verification applies to regular code + ghost code.



# Ghost Code in SPARK – Verification

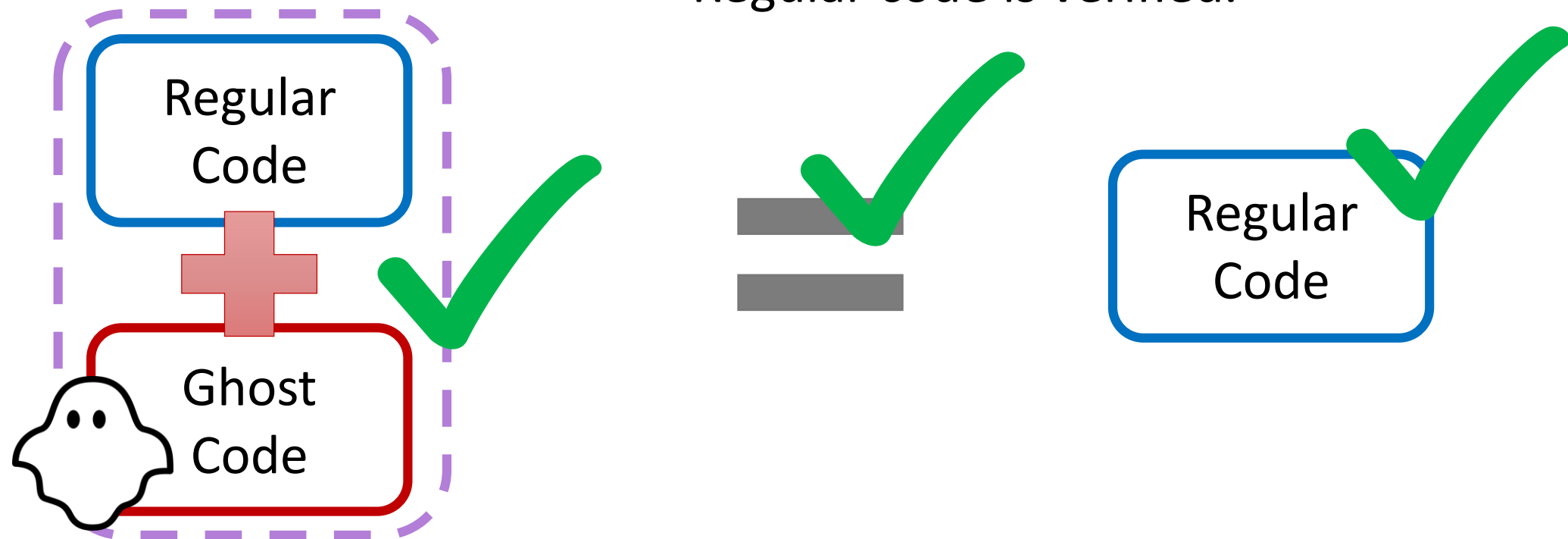
- Static verification applies to regular code + ghost code.
- SPARK also verifies that ghost does not affect regular code.



# Ghost Code in SPARK – Verification

- Static verification applies to regular code + ghost code.
- SPARK also verifies that ghost does not affect regular code.

→ Regular code is verified.



# Enhance Expressiveness in Specifications

# Specification-Only Functions

- Ghost functions are used to factor out expressions in contracts.

```
function Sort (A : in out Nat_Array) with  
  Post => Is_Sorted (A) and then Is_Permutation (A, A'Old);
```

```
function Is_Sorted (A : Nat_Array) return Boolean is  
  (for all I in A'Range =>  
    (if I > A'First then A (I) >= A (I - 1)))  
with Ghost;
```

```
function Search (A : Nat_Array; E : Natural) return Index with  
  Pre => Is_Sorted (A);
```

# Specification-Only Functions

- Ghost functions are used to factor out expressions in contracts.
- They can disclose state abstractions for specification purposes.

```
package Private_Counter is
  function Disclose_Content return Natural with Ghost;

  function Is_Max return Boolean with
    Post => Is_Max'Result = (Disclose_Content = Max);
  procedure Incr with
    Pre  => not Is_Max;
    Post => Disclose_Content = Disclose_Content'Old + 1;
private
  Counter_Value : Natural := 0;
end Private_Counter;
```

# Specification-Only Functions

- Ghost functions are used to factor out expressions in contracts.
- They can disclose state abstractions for specification purposes.
- Inefficient is OK if assertions are disabled in the final executable.

```
function Occurrences (A : Nat_Array; E : Natural) return Natural;  
function Is_Permutation (A, B : Nat_Array) return Boolean is  
  (for all E in Natural => Occurrences (A, E) = Occurrences (B, E))  
with Ghost;
```



# Specification-Only Data

- Ghost variables can be used to store intermediate values of variables.

```
X_Interm : T with Ghost;  
  
procedure Do_Two_Thing (X : in out T) with  
  Post => First_Thing_Done (X'Old, X_Interm) and then  
    Second_Thing_Done (X_Interm, X)  
is  
  X_Init : constant T := X with Ghost;  
begin  
  Do_Something (X);  
  pragma Assert (First_Thing_Done (X_Init, X));  
  X_Interm := X;  
  
  Do_Something_Else (X);  
  pragma Assert (Second_Thing_Done (X_Interm, X));  
end Do_Two_Things;
```

# Specification-Only Data

- Ghost variables can be used to store intermediate values of variables.
- Some properties are best expressed by constructing a witness.

```
Perm : Permutation with Ghost;  
procedure Perm_Sort (A : Nat_Array) with  
  Post => A = Apply_Perm (Perm, A'Old)  
is  
begin  
  Perm := Identity_Perm;  
  for Current in A'First .. A'Last - 1 loop  
    Smallest := Index_Of_Minimum (A, Current, A'Last);  
    if Smallest /= Current then  
      Swap (A, Current, Smallest);  
      Permute (Perm, Current, Smallest);  
    end if;
```

# Specification-Only Data

- Ghost variables can be used to store intermediate values of variables.
- Some properties are best expressed by constructing a witness.
- Ghost variables can also store interprocedural information.

```
History : Buffer_Of_Bool (1 .. 2) with Ghost;
```

```
procedure Count_To_Three (Is_Third : out Boolean) with  
  Post => Is_Third = (not Last_Value (History'Old)  
                    and then not Before_Last_Value (History'Old))  
  and then History = Enqueue (History'Old, Is_Third);
```

# Models of Control Flow

- Ghost variable can also model interprocedural control flow.

```
Last_Accessed_Is_A : Boolean := False with Ghost;
```

```
procedure Access_A with  
  Post => Last_Accessed_Is_A;
```

```
procedure Access_B with  
  Pre  => Last_Accessed_Is_A,  
  Post => not Last_Accessed_Is_A;
```

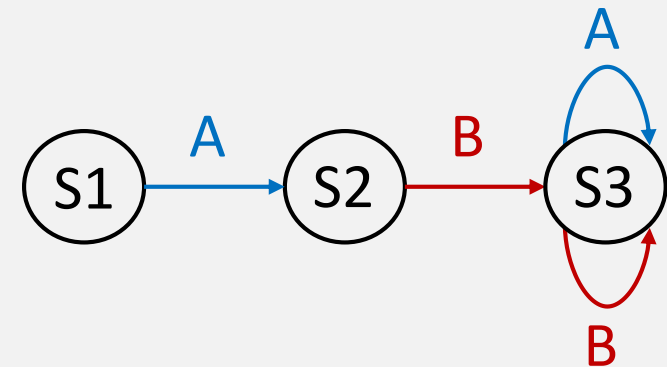
# Models of Control Flow

- Ghost variable can also model interprocedural control flow.
- More generally, expected control flow can be expressed as an automaton.

```
type State_Kind is (S1, S2, S3) with Ghost;  
State : State_Kind := S1 with Ghost;
```

```
procedure Access_A with  
  Pre      => State in S1 | S3,  
  Contract_Cases =>  
    (State = S1 => State = S2,  
     State = S3 => State = S3);
```

```
procedure Access_B with  
  Pre  => State in S2 | S3,  
  Post => State = S3;
```



# Models of Control Flow

- Ghost variable can also model interprocedural control flow.
- More generally, expected control flow can be expressed as an automaton.
- An invariant can link the ghost and regular states.

```
type Mailbox_Status_Kind is (Empty, Full) with Ghost;  
Mailbox_Status : Mailbox_Status_Kind := Empty with Ghost;
```

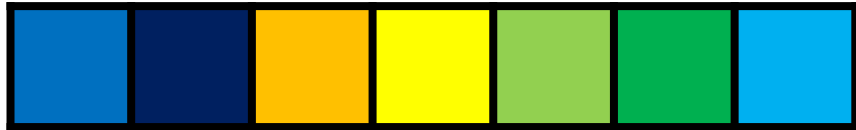
```
function Invariant return Boolean is  
  (if Mailbox_Status = Full then Valid (Message_Content))  
with Ghost;
```

```
procedure Receive with  
  Pre => Invariant and then Mailbox_Status = Full,  
  Post => Invariant and then Mailbox_Status = Empty;
```

# Models of Data Structures

- A model is an alternative view of a data structure.

A ring buffer



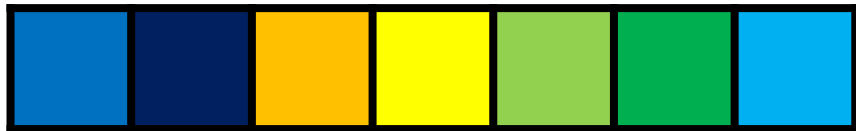
Its model : an array



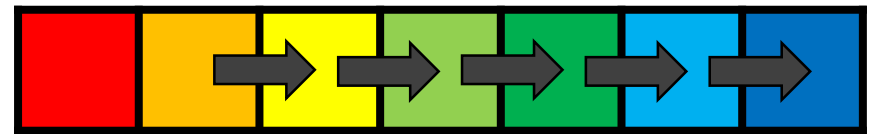
# Models of Data Structures

- A model is an alternative view of a data structure.
- They are typically simpler and less efficient.

A ring buffer



Its model : an array





# Models of Data Structures

- A model is an alternative view of a data structure.
- They are typically simpler and less efficient.
- They can be stored in global variables or computed through a function.

```
Buffer_Content : Nat_Array;  
Buffer_Top    : Natural;  
Buffer_Model  : Nat_Array with Ghost;  
procedure Enqueue (E : Natural) with  
  Post => Buffer_Model = E & Buffer_Model'Old (1 .. Max - 1);
```

# Models of Data Structures


- A model is an alternative view of a data structure.
- They are typically simpler and less efficient.
- They can be stored in global variables or computed through a function.

```
type Buffer_Type is record ...;  
subtype Model_Type is Nat_Array with Ghost;  
function Get_Model (B : Buffer_Type) return Model_Type with Ghost;  
procedure Enqueue (B : Buffer_Type, E : Natural) with  
  Post => Get_Model (B) = E & Get_Model (B)'Old (1 .. Max - 1);
```

# Guide the Proof Tool

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- Intermediate assertions can help the tool.


```
 pragma Assert (Complex_Assertion);
```

# Guide the Proof Tool

- Intermediate assertions can help the tool.

```
pragma Assert (Intermediate_Assertion_1);
```

```
pragma Assert (Intermediate_Assertion_2);
```


```
 pragma Assert (Complex_Assertion);
```

# Guide the Proof Tool

- Intermediate assertions can help the tool.

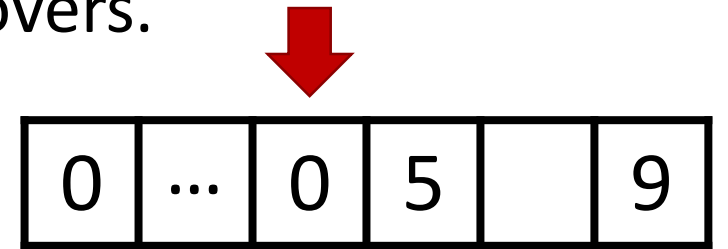
 **pragma** Assert (Intermediate\_Assertion\_1);

 **pragma** Assert (Intermediate\_Assertion\_2);

 **pragma** Assert (Complex\_Assertion);

# Guide the Proof Tool – Provide Witnesses

- Proving an existential quantifier is difficult for provers.



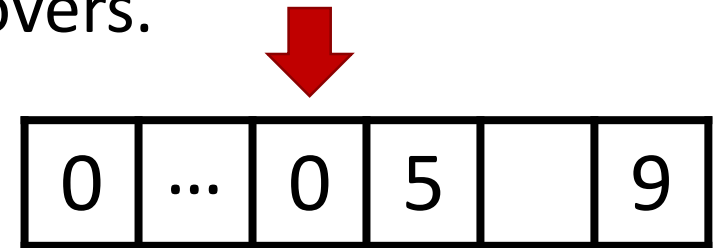
```
pragma Assert (A (A'First) = 0 and then A (A'Last) > 0);
```



```
pragma Assert  
  (for some I in A'Range =>  
    I < A'Last and then A (I) = 0 and then A (I + 1) > 0);
```

# Guide the Proof Tool – Provide Witnesses

- Proving an existential quantifier is difficult for provers.
- A witness can be constructed and provided.



```
function Find_Pos (A : Nat_Array) return Positive with Ghost,  
  Pre => A (A'First) = 0 and then A (A'Last) > 0,  
  Post => Find_Pos'Result in A'First .. A'Last - 1 and then  
    A (Find_Pos'Result) = 0 and then A (Find_Pos'Result + 1) > 0;
```



```
pragma Assert (A (A'First) = 0 and then A (A'Last) > 0);
```

```
pragma Assert (Find_Pos (A) in A'Range);
```

```
pragma Assert
```

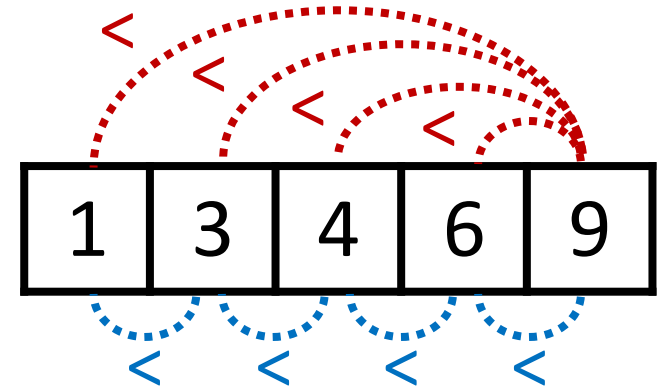
```
  (for some I in A'Range =>
```

```
    I < A'Last and then A (I) = 0 and then A (I + 1) > 0);
```



# Guide the Proof Tool – Proof by Induction

- Provers mostly can't perform induction.



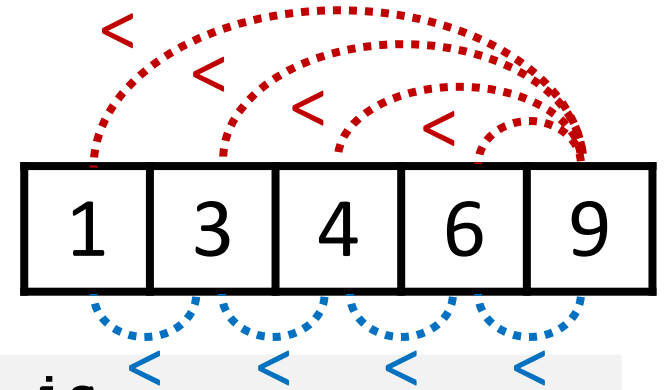
✓ `pragma Assert`  
`(for all I in A'Range =>`  
`(if I > A'First then A (I) > A (I - 1)));`

✗ `pragma Assert`  
`(for all I in A'Range =>`  
`(for all J in A'Range =>`  
`(if I > J then A (I) > A (J))));`



# Guide the Proof Tool – Proof by Induction

- Provers mostly can't perform induction.
- Loop invariants allow to perform induction.



```
procedure Prove_Sorted (A : Nat_Array) with Ghost is
begin
  for K in 0 .. A'Length loop
    pragma Loop_Invariant
      (for all I in A'Range => (for all J in A'Range =>
        (if I > J and then I - J <= K then A (I) > A (J))));
    end loop;
  pragma Assert (for all I in A'Range =>
    (for all J in A'Range => (if I > J then A (I) > A (J))));
end Prove_Sorted;
```



# Guide the Proof Tool – Lemmas

- Procedures for lemmas have a contract but no effects.

```
procedure Prove_Sorted (A : Nat_Array) with Ghost,  
  Pre  => (for all I in A'Range =>  
          (if I > A'First then A (I) > A (I - 1))),  
  Post => (for all I in A'Range =>  
          (for all J in A'Range =>  
            (if I > J then A (I) > A (J))));
```

# Guide the Proof Tool – Lemmas

- Procedures for lemmas have a contract but no effects.
- They must be called manually to assume the lemma.

```
pragma Assert  
  (for all I in A'Range =>  
    (if I > A'First then A (I) > A (I - 1)));
```

✓ Prove\_Sorted (A);  
-- *Precondition of Prove\_Sorted is proved*

✓ **pragma** Assert  
 (**for all** I **in** A'Range =>  
 (**for all** J **in** A'Range => (**if** I > J **then** A (I) > A (J))));

# Guide the Proof Tool – Lemmas

- Procedures for lemmas have a contract but no effects.
- They must be called manually to assume the lemma.
- A lemma library is provided with SPARK for classical lemmas.

```
procedure Lemma_Div_Is_Monotonic
  (Val1  : Int;
   Val2  : Int;
   Denom : Pos)
with Ghost,
  Pre  => Val1 <= Val2,
  Post => Val1 / Denom <= Val2 / Denom;
-- Proven manually using Coq
```

# Conclusion



# An Everyday Tool for Formal Verification

- miTLS<sup>1</sup> and HACLS<sup>2</sup>: TLS layer protocol and cryptographic functions
  - Pure ghost specification in F\*
- Ironclad and IronFleet<sup>3</sup>: Verifying distributed systems
  - Ghost safety specification using Dafny
- Imperative red-black trees in SPARK<sup>4</sup>
  - Multi-layer ghost specification and ghost proofs

1 - Zinzindohoué, Jean-Karim, et al. "HACL\*: A verified modern cryptographic library." 2017.

2 - Bhargavan, Karthikeyan. "Attacking and Proving TLS 1.3 implementations." 2015.

3 - Hawblitzel, Chris, et al. "IronFleet: proving practical distributed systems correct." 2015.

4 - Dross, Claire and Moy, Yannick. "Auto-active proof of red-black trees in SPARK." 2017.

# What Ghost Code Can Do for You

- Ghost code provides provably non-interfering instrumentation.
- Ghost code can enhance expressiveness of the specification.
- Ghost code can be used for static or dynamic verification.
- Ghost code can guide the proof tool.
- Ghost code is the bridge between automatic and interactive verification.