



Software Analyzers

SPECIFICATION AND VERIFICATION OF HIGH-LEVEL PROPERTIES

FRAMA-C DAYS

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June 13th, 2024

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C Code

```
1 int main() {  
2     status res = OK;  
3     while(res==OK) {  
4         get_input();  
5         res = update_state();  
6     }  
7     return res;  
8 }
```



How do we specify properties?

ACSL

Position of the problem

- Frama-C verifies that the code is conforming to its specification.
- How confident can we be that annotations are really what we want to express?
- In particular if they are big/numerous
 - Example from Thales¹ (see next talk): ~400kLoC of ACSL annotations (from ~500 lines of MetAcsl).
- And/or if we need to encode part of the property with ghost code.

¹Djoudi et al. Formal verification of a JavaCard virtual machine with Frama-C. FM 2021

What ACSL is good at

- › Expressing a property that (should) hold at a specific program point
- › or pre- and post- states for a contract
- › or a few more within the same function with `\at`

More complex situations

- › Check a property at a large number of program points: MetAcsl plug-in
- › Compare several executions of a function/some functions: Rpp plug-in
- › Check a sequence of events across the whole execution path: Aoraï plug-in

- Developed by Virgile Robles during his PhD.
- High-Level ACSL Requirement.
- Properties that must be verified at various program points (**context**).
- Meta-variables depending on the context.
- Each HILARE is instantiated as (many) ACSL annotations.

```
1 meta \prop,  
2 \name(region_integrity_task),  
3 \targets( \diff( \ALL, init ) ),  
4 \context(\writing),  
5 \forall integer i; 0 <= i < NUM_REGIONS  
6 \overlaps(\written,  
7             RegionStart[i] +  
8                 (0 .. RegionSize[i] - 1))  
9 ==> RegionOwner[i] == CurTask;  
  
11 meta \prop,  
12 \name(region_owners_final),  
13 \targets( \ALL ),  
14 \context(\writing),  
15 \separated(\written,  
16             RegionOwner + (0 .. NUM_REGIONS - 1));
```

```

1 int x, y;
2 /*@ assigns x \from n; */
3 extern void set_x(int n);
4
5 /*@
6 meta \prop, \name(example),
7 \targets(\diff(\ALL, set_x)),
8 \context(\writing),
9 \separated(\written, &x);
10 */
11
12 void test(int* p) {
13     *p = 1;
14     y = 2;
15 }
```

frama-c -meta meta_test.c

```

1 void test(int *p)
2 {
3     /*@ assert example: meta:
4         \separated(p, &x); */
5     *p = 1;
6     y = 2;
7     return;
8 }
```

➤ Some (trivial) simplifications are done

Use standard analysis plug-ins

```
frama-c -meta meta_test.c -then-last -wp
```

- › can also work with Eva or E-ACSL
- › Wp may require additional annotations
- › Some of which might come from other HILAREs

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Reasoning at Meta-level

- › a few deduction patterns to prove an HILARE from other ones
- › Why3 model
- › Prolog deduction engine

Non-interference

- Developped by Lionel Blatter during his PhD
- Express relational properties between function calls
- Use self-composition to prove the property

```
1 | extern int private, public;  
2 |  
3 | //@ assigns public,private \from public,private;  
4 | void f() {  
5 |     if (public < 1000) public++;  
6 |     if (private > public) private-=public;  
7 | }  
8 |  
9 | /*@ relational  
10 |   \callset(\call(f,c1),\call(f,c2)) ==>  
11 |   \at(public,Pre_c1) == \at(public,Pre_c2)  
12 | ==>  
13 |   \at(public,Post_c1) == \at(public,Post_c2);  
14 | */
```

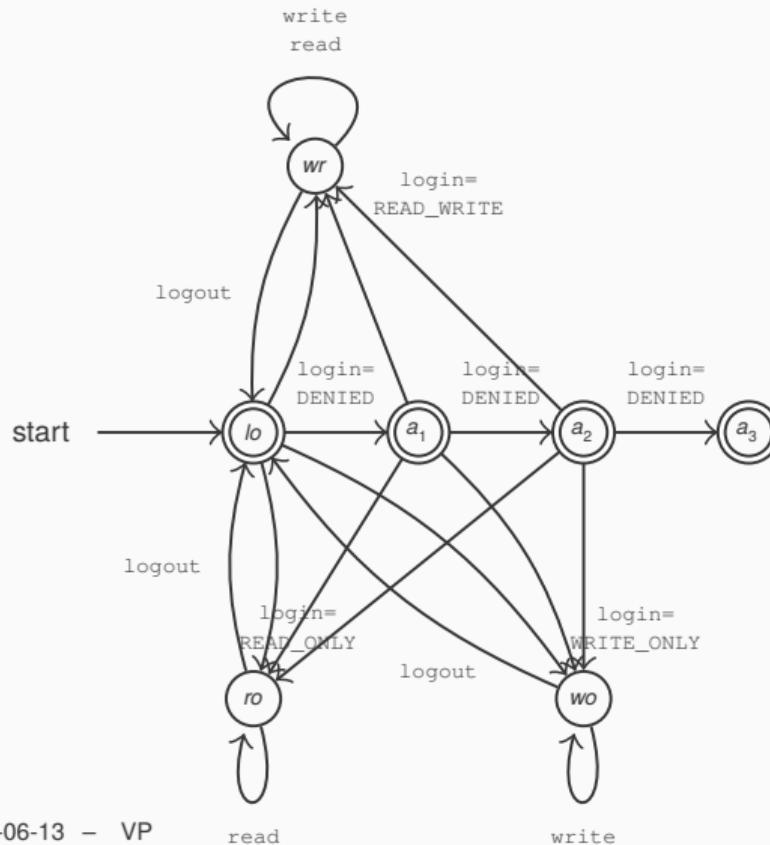
```
frama-c -rpp rpp_test.c -then -wp
```

Instrumented code

```
1 void relational_wrapper_2(void)
2 {
3     if (public_c1_2 < 1000) public_c1_2++;
4     if (private_c1_2 > public_c1_2) private_c1_2 -= public_c1_2;
5 ;
6     if (public_c2_2 < 1000) public_c2_2++;
7     if (private_c2_2 > public_c2_2) private_c2_2 -= public_c2_2;
8 ;
9     /*@ check Rpp:
10      \at{public_c1_2}{Pre} == \at{public_c2_2}{Pre} ==>
11      \at{public_c1_2}{Here} == \at{public_c2_2}{Here};
12 */
13     return;
14 }
```

- › Transformation becomes very complex in presence of pointers (and aliasing)
- › More flexible solution using directly Wp primitives ²
- › Proved in Coq (on a subset of C)
- › But not implemented in the Rpp plug-in itself

²Blatter et al., *An Efficient VCGen-Based Modular Verification of Relational Properties*. ISoLA'22,
LNCS 13701



- Initial version by Nicolas Stouls (Inria/INSA Lyon).
- Automaton encoding admissible call sequences during an execution of the program
- Instrumented with ghost code, and possibly ACSL contracts

```
1 logged_out: { login() {{ \result == -1 }} } -> attempt_1
2           | { login() {{ \result == 0 }} } -> logged_ro
3           | { login() {{ \result == 1 }} } -> logged_wo
4           | { login() {{ \result == 2 }} } -> logged_rw;
5
6 attempt_1: { login() {{ \result == -1 }} } -> attempt_2
7           | { login() {{ \result == 0 }} } -> logged_ro
8           | { login() {{ \result == 1 }} } -> logged_wo
9           | { login() {{ \result == 2 }} } -> logged_rw;
10
11 attempt_2: { login() {{ \result == -1 }} } -> too_many_attempts
12           | { login() {{ \result == 0 }} } -> logged_ro
13           | { login() {{ \result == 1 }} } -> logged_wo
14           | { login() {{ \result == 2 }} } -> logged_rw;
15 ...
```

```
frama-c -aorai-automata automaton.ya test_aorai.c -then-last -eva
```

Ghost functions advancing automaton

```
1 /*@ ghost void login_post_func(enum permission res) {
2  /@ slevel full; @/
3  ...
4  if (aorai_intermediate_state_7 == 1)
5   if (res == -1) too_many_attempts_tmp = 1; else too_many_attempts_tmp = 0;
6  else too_many_attempts_tmp = 0;
7  if (reject == 1) reject_tmp = 1; else reject_tmp = 0;
8  if (aorai_intermediate_state_1 == 1) {
9   if (res == 1) logged_wo_tmp = 1; else goto __aorai_label_16;
10 }
11 else
12 ...
13 */
```

- Aoraï's properties intrinsically a whole-program analysis
- Eva or E-ACSL are the primary candidates for verification
- Eva-related options and built-ins:
 - Frama_C_show_aorai_state
 - -aorai-instrumentation-history

- Various possibilities to tell Frama-C what you want to prove beyond mere function contracts.
- Experiment on industrial code (Aoraï).
- Used in production (MetAcsl).
- Takes full advantage of the modularity of the platform.
- More info in Chap. 10 of the book.

- Propose specialized analysis plug-ins for some kinds of properties.
- Abstraction and reasoning at model level (SecurEval project).
- New kinds of properties (e.g. CaRet, Typestates).
 - Sébastien Patte
- *Quis custodiet ipsos custodes?* Formalize ACSL semantics and the transformations
 - Louis Gauthier
 - Sébastien Patte